

THE RIGHT OF WAY

Peace Treaty Will Be Debated in the Senate This Week and Disposed Of.

SPEECHES WILL BE MADE EVERY DAY.

Friends of the Treaty Are Sanguine of Its Passage and Will Accept No Compromise.

In the House a Vote Will be Taken on the Army Bill Tuesday Afternoon.—The River and Harbor and Military Academy Bills.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—The senate will devote practically all of the time this week to the consideration of the peace treaty. Senator Allison, chairman of the committee on appropriations, says he will not interfere at any time with the consideration of the treaty by asking to have an appropriation bill taken up, and as a consequence the treaty will have complete right of way.

This week will see the close of the memorable debate both in executive session and in open session, as the vote is set for 3 o'clock a week from Monday. Notices have been given for set speeches for every day except Monday of the present week. Senator Berry will speak Tuesday; Senator Springer Wednesday; Senator Bayard Thursday; Senator Murphy Friday; and Senator Clifton Saturday. These speeches will be based upon the various resolutions on the general question of expansion and will be delivered in open session. They will however be practically devoted to the treaty and will afford senators an opportunity to say openly what they will do in regard to the ratification of the treaty, now under consideration. There will be an effort to get the speeches in before 3 o'clock each day in order to permit the closing of the doors at 4 o'clock in accordance with the unanimous agreement to that effect, when the treaty will be voted on formally and the executive consideration of the subject proceeded with.

The friends of the treaty are still most sanguine of success, and insist that the speech of the day will accept no compromise. Others express a desire to come to some sort of conclusion as that of Senator Sargent. Those professing to know say it is the probable to force the treaty to a vote before taking action on our compromise proposition, and that if the treaty should by any chance be beaten, to move to reconsider and then to consider the question of accepting or rejecting the various liaison resolutions before final adjournment in March. Almost a month of the session will be left after the vote of Monday week, so that, if the senate should prefer to accept the treaty with a resolution of construction and instruction to postponing action for an extra session, it could do so.

Interest centers in the army bill in the house of representatives during the early part of the week. The final vote is set for 3 p.m. on Friday. Prior to this debate will be under the five minute rule in the main, although sufficient time has been reserved to give Mr. Bailey and some of the other leaders an opportunity for extended speeches.

Chairman Hull, of the military committee, is confident the bill will pass, saying that the republicans' disaffection will not exceed eight while several additional will come from the democratic side. The opposition will direct its efforts towards having the bill recommitted.

With the army bill disposed of the house will turn its attention to the important river and harbor bill and then to the military academy appropriation bill. The river and harbor bill probably will have Wednesday for a vote on a side.

The military academy bill is not likely to take more time than is required to read it through. No exact programme has been fixed for the rest of the week, but Chairman Mercer, of the committee on public buildings and grounds has been pressing for a hearing on some of the public buildings bills now pending, and he is likely to get a day. Chairman Lahey also wants a day on public land questions.

The Hawaiian bill is the most important piece of general legislation which will be agreed to a hearing, although its friends may let it go over until next week.

—The Present Banking Schedule.

CHICAGO, Jan. 30.—The "Oregon Limited," train of the Chicago, North Western railroad Sunday night started out on the fastest running schedule for a regular train ever attempted by that road. The train will make the run from Chicago to Omaha, a distance of about 500 miles, in 11 hours and 30 minutes. The train left the Wells street station at 8 p.m., and is due in Omaha at 7:35 a.m.

Revised Show in Fifteen Years.

DENVER, Col. Jan. 30.—The snow storm, which has been raging on the mountains since early last week, has subsided. The sun broke through the clouds Sunday and the wind abated. In some places the fall of snow has been the heaviest in 15 years.

CLEMENCY RECOMMENDED.

Gen. Engen, General of Ordinance, commanding Ordnance and Gunnery Department, has been found guilty of the charges of conduct unbecoming an officer and a gentleman, and of conduct to the prejudice of good order and discipline and of the specifications thereto, and has been sentenced to dismissal from the United States army, and to confinement in a penitentiary court for the exercise of excessive clemency. Under the regulations the court having reached the conclusion that the accused was guilty had no choice in selecting a penalty, the regulations prescribing absolutely the one punishment—dismissal—for the offense.

Therefore, the only hope for Gen. Engen is in the direction of commutation, mitigation or disapproval. As Secretary Alger, as soon as he received the record of the court-martial, finished his revision of the record of the court's proceedings Saturday afternoon and at once placed the papers in the hands of Secretary Algren.

This action settled at once any doubt that may have existed as to the routine to be pursued in the treatment of the case. As for Secretary Alger, as soon as he received the record he will place it before the president, who, under the law, is the final reviewing authority. It is his privilege to add or to take from the strength of the court's recommendation that clemency be shown. The indications are that the papers will be in the president's hands early next week.

AN ACCIDENT IN A TUNNEL.

A Gang of Train Robbers Was Down by a Tunnel—One Killed, One Wounded, and a Woman Was Injured.

ATLANTA, Ga., Jan. 30.—A gang of 20 train robbers were working on the railroad at the western opening of the Gallatin tunnel at 3 o'clock Sunday afternoon when they heard the approach of a locomotive, which was passing west through the tunnel. The workmen all stepped from the north track, on which westbound trains move to the south-track. The locomotive passed over them from the east approaching the locomotive, which in order to avoid obstructions on the north track was running on the south track. One man was instantly killed, one died in the Altona hospital, and 15 were more or less seriously injured. None escaped without injury.

A PANIC IN A THEATER.

Large Bear Was Shot With an Escaped Took in Movie Way. Trainer Is Escaped. Bears From Ice Cage.

OMAHA, Neb., Jan. 30.—An enormous silver tip bear, frenzied with an escaped tooth, which its master was trying to extract, escaped from its cage in the Brighton theater Sunday and created a panic before being captured. In addition to frightening a number of persons, the big bear severely hurt its master, Paul Ratty, badly lacerated. Stage Hand McDonald and tore the clothes of Jake Rosenthal, manager of the show.

In the course of scenery back of the stage the bear vented his fury by demolishing everything in sight. By this time the trainer recovered sufficiently to direct the heating of iron to subdue the animal. His roar could be heard for several blocks.

Murders of the Attorneys General.

St. Louis, Jan. 30.—The remains of the late Attorney General A. H. Garland arrived here Sunday evening from Washington over the Baltimore & Ohio Southwestern railway. Accompanying the body was a son, Rufus G. Garland, and James K. Jones, Jr., son of Senator Jones of Arkansas. They left on a later train over the Missouri Pacific Iron Mountain route for Little Rock, where funeral services will be held Monday.

Body of the Plot of the Paul Jones Gang.

NEW ORLEANS, Jan. 30.—The body found near Fort St. Philip was Sunday identified as that of Capt. Stewart, alias Paul Jones, leader of the gang. From the position and clothing of the body it is almost certain that he was off duty and asleep at the time death came, and that the boat was wrecked in the explosion during the night.

Every Disaster Known.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Jan. 30.—Specials from points in the interior of Wisconsin report a very low temperature. At Appleton the thermometer recorded 35 degrees below zero, the coldest in recent years. Black River Falls reported a temperature of 40 degrees; Medford and White Hall 38 degrees below zero.

Church Destroyed by Fire.

SCRANTON, Pa., Jan. 30.—The First Baptist church of this city was destroyed by fire Sunday. It was the oldest church of that faith in this vicinity. The pastor, Rev. J. Frank Matthews, several hours before the flames were discovered, preached on the great Chicago fire.

Hats Manufactured Combines.

DAMASCUS, Okla., Jan. 30.—The manufacturers of the lower priced derby hats have effected a combination to go into effect February 1. The firms represent practically all the large manufacturers of this class of goods.

FARMERS' PARTY.

Organizations in Illinois Declare for the Holding of a National Convention.

MAKING PREPARATIONS FOR EVENT.

As Soon as Possible Representatives Will Be Appointed Throughout the Different States.

The Purpose is the Nomination and Selection of Farmers as Members of Congress and State Legislatures—Declaration of Principles.

EVAN, Ill., Jan. 30.—The conference of delegates from the farmers organizations in Fulton, Warren and McDonough counties have decided for the holding of a national convention to form the national farmers party. A committee was appointed with instructions to begin the work of organization for the event. As quickly as possible no less than 100 delegates will be appointed all through the United States. It is planned to hold the convention not later than the first week in March, Chicago being favored as the convention place.

Elwood W. Bradbury, who has been engaged in the work of organization, read this declaration of principles, which was adopted without debate.

We hold that all men are created equal and endowed by their Creator with certain inalienable rights; that it is the right of man to preserve these rights; that governments are instituted among men, deriving their just powers from the consent of the governed, and that whenever a government becomes destructive of these ends it is the duty of the people to alter or to abolish it and

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